

THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

VOL. VII, NO. 31

BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, AUGUST 4, 1916

\$2.00 YEARLY

F. M. Thompson Co.

The Quality Store
Groceries, Dry Goods, Crockery, and Everything in Shoes

Just to hand, a smart assortment of

LADIES WAISTS

in Voiles and Muslins. Prices \$1.50 to \$4.35

—Also Full Range of—

TRUNKS AND VALISES

BERRIES — BERRIES

Buy your preserving berries now and you are sure of the very best goods
—GET OUR PRICES—

We have Strawberries, Gooseberries, Plums, Peaches, Pineapple, Cherries, Grape Fruit, Cantaloup, Hothouse Tomatoes, New Potatoes, Beans, Carrots, Cabbage, Celery, etc.
B. C. Sugar, \$1.95 net. Dairy Butter, 50c. net.

All goods 5 p.c. discount for cash and prompt payment

Phone 25

The Store That Saves You Money.

BLAIRMORE ALBERTA

We are agents for the J. E. Terrell Floral Co., Lethbridge and Calgary. See catalogues and leave your orders with The Enterprise.

How are you fixed for Butter Wrappers, Milk Tickets, Bread Tickets and Shipping Tags? Leave your order with us.



New Prices August 1st, 1916

The following prices for Ford cars will be effective on and after August 1st, 1916.

Chassis	\$450.00
Runabout	475.00
Touring Car	495.00
Conquest	695.00
Town Car	780.00
Sedan	890.00

f. o. b. Ford, Ontario

These prices are positively guaranteed against any reduction before August 1st, 1917, but there is no guarantee against an advance in price at any time

D. A. Sinclair, Dealer
Blairmore, Alta.

25,000 pairs of socks were sent out in one day from the Canadian Red Cross depot at Roulogne.

The St. Dunstan's Red Cross Hospital for blinded soldiers has now 150 patients.

SAVE YOUR MONEY

FOR THE

DOMINION WAR LOAN

TO BE ISSUED IN SEPTEMBER.

By purchasing a bond you will help to WIN THE WAR and obtain for yourself an investment of the highest class yielding a most attractive rate of interest.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE
OTTAWA.

Provincial Institute of Technology at Calgary

The organization and development of this institution must be based upon and be intimately related to not only the existing educational system, but also to the commercial and industrial situation. One of the first duties of the principal and his staff must be, therefore, that of making a careful study or survey of the educational situation and of the educational needs of the industrial and commercial fields in order that each school within the Institute may be organized in such a way as to render the greatest possible service.

Two large groups will be entering the economic field within the next few years (1) The Returned Soldier Group and (2) The Maturing Youth Group. While the first looks most largely in the co-ordination of the public at the present time, and must be given every possible consideration, the latter will be with us always, and the permanent organization of the Institute must be based upon the needs of this group.

From the point of view of (1) the returned soldier problem, (2) the education and placement of the maturing youth of the province, (3) the needed adjustments in the educational system and the development of the Institute of Technology, and (4) the commercial and industrial adjustments and developments of the future in the Province, it is important that a careful pre-vocational and industrial survey of the province be made at the earliest possible date.

The Minister of Education has decided, therefore, that for the first year, the Staff of the Institute of Technology will be charged with the following responsibilities:

- (1) The making of a careful pre-vocational survey of the boys and girls in the Province between the ages of fourteen and eighteen; whether in attendance at school or not, with a view to vocational guidance and educational adjustments.
- (2) The making of a careful industrial survey of the Province with the assistance and co-operation of the various departments of the government, the local industrial and municipal authorities, and the commercial and industrial organizations.
- (3) Co-operating with the Military Hospitals Commission in the re-training of disabled soldiers, and, as far as may be, in the supplementary training of returned soldiers, whether disabled or not, who desire technical instruction.
- (4) The organization of the Department of Mining in the Institute on the basis of the need as found in the experience of the past two years in developing technical instruction in the mining centres.
- (5) The provision of such course in the School of Trades and Industries of the Institute as the limited staff of the first year may be able to provide over and above those involved in the re-training of returned soldiers.
- (6) The provision of special classes for teachers in technical subjects in Calgary, and where feasible, the organization and supervision of similar special classes in the other cities of the Province.
- (7) Developing lines of connection for the Institute with a view to its further organization in the Autumn of 1917.
- (8) Arranging for the services of adequately qualified specialists to take charge of the various branches of instruction that such development may require.
- (9) Designing and making in the Institute itself, much of the special equipment and furnishings needed for the various departments.
- (10) Selecting and making the necessary arrangements for securing the equipment and apparatus which cannot be made or secured locally.

Lorne A. Campbell, minister of mines for British Columbia, was a visitor to Coleman last week end.

Mr. Davidson graduated in Mechanical Engineering from McGill University in 1909 and after some years of practical experience took his Master of Science Degree at the same University with Coal Mining as his major subject of study.

In the practical field Mr. Davidson has served for three years as Draughtsman and Assistant Engineer with the Dominion Coal Company at Glace Bay, Nova Scotia. He served also as engineer in charge of a survey party on the Soo line and as Mining Engineer at Lyle, in the Crow's Nest Pass. For the past five years he has been with the International Coal and Coke Company at Coleman, acting as engineer and later as manager.

For a number of years Mr. Davidson has been a member of the Board of Examiners appointed under The Mines Act. During the past two years he has been very successful as an instructor of the senior class in Mining in the night school organized under the Technical Branch of the Department of Education and the Coleman School Board.

Mr. Davidson is highly qualified for the position, in scholarship, in proved experience in the practical field as mining engineer and mine manager and as an instructor. He has won the confidence of the miners, of the operators, of his fellow engineers and managers in the Province, as well as that of the Technical Branch of the Department of Education and the Mines Branch of the Department

The Toll of Death in Ontario Fires Now 500

More than 500 people are now believed to have lost their lives in the fires which swept whole towns out of existence on Sunday in Northern Ontario, along the line of the national transcontinental. In one settlement only 8 survived out of 208, in another over 130 bodies were buried in the morning. Such instances give some conception of the awfulness of the holocaust. The town of Matheson was wiped out by the flames in twenty minutes.

The relief workers who went up from North Bay, Cobalt and other places, and who found bodies lying in every direction, could do nothing but dig deep trenches and put the remains in them, unrecognized and unrecognized, while others searched along the creek or walks for wounded who might yet have survived. The latter were pitifully few, and the first train that got back to Haliburton brought only 43 passengers, of whom three women and seventeen men were terribly burned, and the remainder, women and children, were refugees.

The seats had been covered with long boards, and on them had been placed mattresses and army blankets, converting each of the four cars into a hospital ward. On the seats lay a heap of suffering humanity, all bound up in oil cloth, cotton wool and bandages, suffering untold agonies and never uttering a word. Those who looked

turned sick at the sight and at the thought of what these men and women must have gone through. Eyes were burned out, eyes blinded, hair gone, noses burned almost to a cinder, so that doctors and nurses were almost afraid to touch the patients.

There was one man who had lost twenty-one relatives as they fought the fire; another who had seen his grandmother, father, mother and brother all fall victims to the flames.

Mining Expert Appointed On Staff of Provincial Institute of Technology

W. A. Davidson, M.E., M.Sc., Manager of the International Coal and Coke Company of Coleman, Alberta, has been appointed as Supervisor of Technical Instruction in Mining for the Province and Head of the Department of Mining in the Institute of Technology.

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Just To Hand

A Large Shipment of

Men's High-Grade Dress Suits

In Blues, Blacks, Browns, Grays and Tweeds.

Finest Assortment in Men's Odd Pants, STETSON HATS

Peabody's Overalls, Gloves, Shirts, Underwear, Caps and everything in Shoes, Ladies' Suits, Skirts, Waists, Corsets, Gloves and Hosiery.

Don't Forget to see our Large Assortment of Dress Goods

THE BLAIRMORE TRADING CO.

THE STORE THAT SELLS FOR LESS

Blairmore Alberta

Attention, Ladies!

I have made arrangements with the Government Fruit Commissioner, to give FREE BOOKLETS on

"How To Preserve Fruits Without Sugar"

This ought to solve the problem for you. Get my prices on Fruits, and get a booklet and your troubles are ended.

J. HANDLEY Phone 52

The \$5.00 Reward

For giving the correct name of the product to be advertised in this space has been won by Miss Lucy Howe, of Blairmore. Having had the pleasure of eating Bellevue Bread, she also has the pleasure of spending a five dollar bill, as a result of the knowledge that Bellevue Bread is the best product of its kind to be obtained. Made in a sanitary bakery, of the purest and highest-priced ingredients, it is a class by itself. No matter what the price of the ingredients entering into the manufacture of Bellevue Bread, we never skimp. Remember, you can get a better product made right at home than you can by sending your money out of The Pass. If you haven't tried Bellevue Bread, you should, and to induce you to do so we will give you a loaf free on presenting the following Coupon to the F. M. Thompson Co., Blairmore.

F. M. Thompson Co

Good For One Loaf of Bellevue Bread

—No obligations—

Name

Address

(Trial Coupon)

Leave your order the day before, if possible, to ensure prompt delivery. Bellevue Bread delivered fresh every morning. Also French Bread, Graham Bread, Cup Cakes, Layer Cakes, Maudie Cakes, Pies, etc. We thank our many Blairmore friends for their patronage.

Yours for quality,
BELLEVUE BAKERY

of Public Works.

Mr. Davidson will be responsible for the organization of Technical Instruction in Mining through the medium of night classes and part-time day classes in the various mining centres and also through instruction by correspondence for men in the district where there are not enough students to justify the formation of local classes, or where it is found impossible to secure a satisfactory instructor in the local centre. Instruction will be offered also at the Institute itself as the demand arises. This will involve the selection and organization of the materials and subject matter of instruction, and the preparation of students for the examinations leading to the following certificates issued under The Mines Act:—

- (1) Third Class or Examiner's Certificate;
- (2) Second Class or Overman's Certificate;
- (3) First Class or Manager's Certificate;
- (4) Mine Surveyor's Certificate.

It is expected also that during the year the necessary equipment and apparatus will be installed at the Institute for the analysis of coal and also for the analysis of mine air and gases. When the permanent plant for the Institute of Technology is provided it is the intention to equip the power plant in such a way as

to make it convenient to test coal for heat production on a commercial scale.

The organization of this department of the Institute along the lines suggested represents the type of educational provision for which the Institute of Technology will stand in its relationship to the industrial and commercial fields.

Professor A. R. Ottewill, of the Department of Extension of the University of Alberta, has joined the 238th Foresters battalion.

NOTICE

TAKE NOTICE that His Honour Judge McNeill, on Wednesday, the Eighteenth day of October, 1916, at the Town Office in the Town of Blairmore, Alberta, at two o'clock in the forenoon, will hold a Court of Confirmation of the Tax Enforcement Return of the said Town.

J. E. GILLIS,
Solicitor for the Town of Blairmore

Japan's Big Guns

The Little Japs' Big Guns Are Doing Good Work For Russia

We have heard a great deal about Japan in the European war. Shortly after she declared herself on the side of the allies there was some discussion between China and Japan which brought Japan prominently before the public. This was quickly smoothed over and little more has since been heard of Japan, mainly because it has not been necessary for her to take any active part in the war, either by naval or land forces.

But recent events show that she has been of very great assistance. Strange enough, her line has been given to Russia with whom she so successfully waged one of the bloodiest of modern wars just a few years ago. The rapid advance of the Russian forces and their utter rout of the Austrian army over a front of 100 miles or more at one of the most critical periods of the war is due in great measure to the little Japs' big guns. They have developed a large field gun which is said to be much more than the equal of any gun of any of the enemy forces. In addition, they have developed a new high explosive shell for this monster. It is powerful enough to be almost beyond belief and much more terrific than any explosive so far used in this war. The combination of this big gun and terrible new shell, in quantities, in the hands of a great Russian strategical genius, has created enormous enthusiastic armies, has got the Austrians "on the run" and we are all hoping that the run continues to the final end of Austria, Germany, and all of their allies.

Japan's part may not be very spectacular but it is certainly very valuable.—North Shore Press, Vancouver.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper

Future of the Turks

The hour of disillusion for the Turks has struck. It is the crucial hour for their government, perhaps the hour for their doom. For the people it may be a new beginning, the significance of which they can as yet but very faintly see. The Turkish Empire has some thirty million Moslem subjects, peaceful and prosperous like the Moslem subjects of Great Britain, France and Holland. The Turks are enduring intolerable suffering as the result of the entrance of the German army into the country. The return of peace will find them stripped of all that makes life worth living. In despair they will cling to any sincere offer of help. Such offers will be made by those they are not used to count their enemies. But Americans only will be so situated that they can give them with the material and the spiritual aid of which they will be conscious they are in dire need. It may be our privilege and glory to aid the Turks in saving not only an ancient Christian Empire, but a vigorous and energetic one from destruction.—From "Armenians and American Interests" Under review by Rev. George H. Metcalf, D.D., in the American Review of Reviews for July.

London's 27,000 Underground Railways

Some suggestive facts have been published that show the phenomenal operations of the London Underground Railway system. When the war broke out the traffic was seriously threatened by the loyalty of its operatives, and Government officials had privately to use their influence to regulate the railway applicants for service. It now appears that out of 27,000 employees 27,000 enlisted and over 6,000 continued. Nevertheless each of the railways within the group report satisfactory receipts and a total of 1915-16.

The Bukovina Harvest Reported to be Above the Average, with this Summer being gathered in the benefit of the people and not the benefit of the army as had been arranged and actually paid for.

The first Bible published in the United States in the Indian language and printed at Cambridge, Mass.

Adds a Healthful Zest to Any Meal

Most everyone likes a hot table drink, but it must have a snappy taste and at the same time be healthful. Probably no beverage answers every requirement so completely as does

POSTUM

This famous pure food-drink, made of roasted wheat and a bit of wholesome molasses, affords a rich, delicious flavour, yet contains no harmful element.

The original Postum Cereal must be boiled; Instant Postum is made in the form of a "cup" as a "wink" by adding hot water, and stirring.

Both forms of Postum have a delightful aroma and flavour, are healthful, and good for children and grown-ups.

"There's a Reason"

Sold by Grocers everywhere

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

W. M. U. 1118

ALUMINUM HEAD LABEL

PAVING POWDER

The Rubber Industry

The Bulk of the World's Supply of Rubber Comes From Brazil

The rubber gatherers in the jungles of the Amazon, the Orinoco and the Congo, making incisions an inch and a half long, three-eighths of an inch wide and a half inch deep in the bark of the tropical trees which sometimes attain a height of 60 feet and a circumference of 8 feet. Beneath these cuts the sap flows into small cups to catch the rubber milk, which is not the sap of the tree. The average Para rubber tree yields two ounces of milk a day. By coagulation in the smoke of a wood and palm fire the milk yields one-third its weight of the dried rubber, the normal annual production of a tree being ten pounds of rubber, and the flow continues fairly constant for a number of years.

One of the by-products of rubber harvesting, and one which promises extensive development, since plantations of these trees have been successful in Sumatra, Ceylon and the Straits Settlement, is the rubber seed which yields almost half its weight of oil. In growing areas 20,000,000 of these seeds are adapted to the same uses.

There are many varieties of rubber producing trees, and one of the most valuable species being that which yields the standard "para" rubber, which grows over a million square miles in Brazil alone.

The world production of rubber during the year 1914-15, according to European war was 15,000 tons, of which Brazil produced 4,000 tons, her nearest competitor, the Dutch East Indies, yielding 8,000 tons. The United States has that year exported more than twice as much of the raw material as Great Britain, which stood second as a buyer. For its own use it consumed 1,000 tons.—National Geographic Society, Washington.

This is to certify that fourteen years ago I got the cords of my left wrist nearly severed, and was for about nine months in the most painful condition, and tried other liniments, also doctors, and was receiving no benefit. By the use of MINARD'S LINIMENT I was cured in a few days, and have been using MINARD'S LINIMENT in my family ever since and find it the same as when I first used it, it would serve as a unit, the

ISAAC E. MANN, Metcalf, P. Q.

Aug. 31st, 1908.

Real Economy

Among the Japanese thrift is a virtue highly prized. The Japanese of Tokyo were one day discussing ways and means of saving.

Stayed With His Pal

The story of a brave Saskatchewan lad is told: "One Canadian doctor, with his assistant, was called in all through the bombardment at a field-dressing station close behind the front lines. The Canadian doctor, who was a ship's doctor from Vancouver, had been called in by the British and Honolulu and across the Pacific before coming out to the great adventure in France. He was a brave fellow who did not think of his own danger, but of the danger of other men. When the Germans came across neither of these doctors, deserts his post but carried the last moment, bandaging the wounded who lay about them.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

Overrated German Efficiency

German efficiency will be less made of in the future. Its limitations are as obvious as those of an analytical conclusion. It solves a given problem, working from premises laid down, but it is baffled by the unexpected and lacks imagination to foresee new conditions. It sees narrowly in a straight line, when deflected by unconsidered obstacles, which imagination might have provided for, it is like a locomotive off the track.—New York Times.

Hard and Soft Corns both Yield to Holloway's Corn Cure which is entirely safe to use and certain and infallible in its action.

It was several days after arriving home from the front that the two broken ribs was sitting up and smoking a cigar, when the doctor came in. "Well, how are you doing now?" asked the latter. "I've had a stitch in my side all day," replied the wounded soldier. "Right," said the doctor. "It shows the bones are knitting."

An American tells of a visit to a Zoo in Ireland on which occasion he was much interested in a lion.

Turning to one of the keepers, the American asked, as he pointed to the solitary beast, "Is that a lion?" "He is no mate, sir," replied the keeper. "What's his name?" "He's called 'The Old Man'."

"I'll give you ten shillings for that dog of yours, old man. Ten shillings!" "Why, that dog's got a pedigree as long as your arm. That's all right, then, give me the pedigree."

Only want the dog!

Lloyd George

He is the Irresistible Driving Power

When there is any word to be done in England extraordinary hard and unattractive involving great responsibility is "Let Lloyd George do it."

And yet no man in the realm is more abused. Every crime in the realm is attributed to him. Old party associates fling the epithet of traitor at him. If he believe his detractors he is untrue to his chief and concerns with Mr. Asquith's enemies by stealth, revealing cabinet secrets to them. Mr. Lloyd George is accused of abandoning the convictions of a life-time of betraying labor, of grasping greedily at power, of cultivating all the vices that honest men despise in politicians. Of late a dead set has been made of him by the most brilliant pamphleteers who serve the Liberal party. They have done in their power to drive him from public life.

Mr. Lloyd George has often been unpopular and he has always had enemies who have expounded the language of vituperation in assailing him. As the leader of a party of reformers he has been such bitter hostility that he could not show his face anywhere without being assailed and one which promises war with speech that enraged Englishmen of every class. His peace policy has been the cause of criticism. Today he is the most aggressive of militants, and there are Liberals who are ready to join with him to destroy the coalition cabinet in order to raise himself to the premiership of the United Kingdom. He has been so successful in his own view upon the matter, and they would drag him down if they could, in spite of his great services to his party, the entrance of England into the war.

Among them are sincere men who believe that he is an unscrupulous and dangerous politician.

It must be admitted that Mr. Lloyd George when he had an opportunity to do so, has not hesitated to evade their gravest charge that he had conspired with the opposition to force his own views upon the premier. But he abused the counsel for the other side with all his old vigor of eloquence. It is unreasonable to pose that where there was so much smoke a little fire cracked! Nevertheless, it was Lloyd George who was selected to bring order out of chaos in Ireland and reconcile factions that had been at daggers drawn against each other; and now again it is Lloyd George who is regarded as the logical successor of Lord Kitchener at the post of secretary of state for war.

The explanation of what scheme so paradoxical it is that with all his consistency and vaulting ambition Lloyd George is recognized as indispensable to the nation is that he, like Kitchener, realized how Titanic was the task Great Britain had undertaken in the war; that he realized that for years, and that all her resources had to be mobilized; that he realized that the war was a long one, and that the designs of Germany were to be frustrated; and that he realized that the war was a long one, and that the designs of Germany were to be frustrated.

Not Another Mist in the Country could have made such a success of the difficult and delicate work of minister of munitions. He has no modern brains in the cabinet, but his is the irresistible driving power. He may lead the nation through a crisis, but it was, in his view, for the common cause, for the salvation of the empire.—New York Sun.

How to Attract Fairies

The policy of taxing land values and untaxed industry in western Canada is apparently tending to make this country more attractive also. For the British Alberta correspondent writes:

Here the more a man works the more taxes he will pay. If not content with the States of Alberta or Saskatchewan will be found in conditions that compare favorably with the States of Argentina is no place for the tiller of the plow.

In the policy of attracting land to the west the Canadian Government is going to gain by extending the aggressive policies of the west.—Ottawa Citizen.

Acclaim Lloyd George

The appointment of Lloyd George as successor to Lord Kitchener as Secretary of State for War was heralded by an extraordinary manifestation of public opinion.

Exception, all the newspapers in London acclaimed him as the natural successor to the great soldier.

In enumerating his qualifications, The Pall Mall Gazette—one of Lloyd George's bitterest opponents politically—set forth in the following paragraphs Mr. Lloyd George's qualifications for the position:

Finance—As Chancellor of the Exchequer at the outbreak of war he pursued a policy which by common consent, prevented a grave crisis and maintained our financial stability.

Commerce—By his successful handling of trade unions throughout the country to abandon many of their privileges in the national emergency.

Drink—The difficult and thorny problem of the sale of intoxicating liquors in time of war was handled by him with skill and a large measure of success.

Munitions—His work in connection with the munitions supply has been a triumph of organization.

Compromise—By general consent, Mr. Lloyd George pressed forward the question for decision and gained the victory.

War Office—As successor to Lord Kitchener in the office of Secretary of State for War his appointment would be approved by the action.

Why He Lost His Job

Tommy—Out of a job?

Tommy—Yes. The boss said he was losing his job on the things I was makin'.

Tommy—Wasn't there anything else you could do in the place?

Tommy—I guess not. Anyhow, he said I didn't seem to be able to do anything else.

Tommy—And what was you makin'?

Tommy—I was makin' a mistake. I was makin' a mistake.

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Organized Agriculture

France Provides for the Organization of the Farming Population

A decree of the minister of agriculture in France provides for the organization of the farming population in every rural commune.

A commune corresponds to our township. In each commune there has been established under the decree an agricultural committee consisting of farmers who are elected by themselves. The minister's object was to create a permanent body composed of the pick of the farmers belonging to each rural commune, which body shall be the centre of action and regulate the general activity. The committee elected consist of 5, 7 or 9 men, according to the population of the district. The body is entrusted with the general organization of farming operations and the overseeing of the cultivation of the land. Farms owned by soldiers who cannot cultivate them are managed by the committee, if necessary. The committees shall be organized in a similar to the co-operative agricultural societies which are doing good work all over the world.

Even before the war French agriculture was prospering.

Under the new decree it will be more efficient and productive. The French farmer has shown a quickness and logicalness of mind, a power of imagination and adaptation, and a resource of courage and will which are the admiration of all observers. She has manifested a general feeling of responsibility for the thing in a sound, fundamental way at the right time. The general character of her crisis was the French rural communes have been organized in a worthy and capable of all that is to be expected of them in this country. It is the small, widely distributed, and the fundamental thing in the sound, fundamental way at the right time. The general character of her crisis was the French rural communes have been organized in a worthy and capable of all that is to be expected of them in this country. It is the small, widely distributed, and the fundamental thing in the sound, fundamental way at the right time. 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THE INTERNATIONAL Coal and Coke Company, Ltd.

Operates the

DENISON COLLIERIES AT COLEMAN, ALBERTA.

Mines High Grade Steam
and Coking Coal.
Manufacturers of the Best
Coke on the Market.

MAKE MONEY EASY

If you would do so, invest in town
lots in the most substantially found-
ed and best business community in
The Crows' Nest Pass

THAT PLACE IS COLEMAN.

Write to or apply at the head office of

THE INTERNATIONAL Coal and Coke Company, Ltd.

At Coleman, Alberta.

WEST CANADIAN COLLIERIES LIMITED

"GREENHILL" COAL

High Grade Domestic Lump	\$4.50 Delivered
Mine Run	\$3.50 Delivered
Slack	\$3.00 Delivered

See all Local Delivery Concerns

Effective August 1st, 1915.

BLAIRMORE - ALTA.

J. Delicate Contractor & Builder

Dealer in Rough and Dressed Lumber,
Shingles, Lath, Doors, Windows, Etc.

Deliveries at Bellevue, Hillcrest, Passburg, and Frank

Lumber Yards and Office at

Hillcrest - Alberta

COUNTER CHECK BOOKS

We supply nearly all The Pass stores.
The Imperial is the best that can be obtained.
Let us show you samples and quote prices.

The 'Enterprise,' Blairmore

NOTICE

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN—
Having previously advertised that I
would not be responsible for any debt
contracted in my name by any member
of my family, I will protest any claims
made against me of such.
As Mrs. J. C. Patton has removed and
making her home in Coleman, having
left my home and bed, I will sell by
public auction all household furniture
and effects, and pay any outstanding
claims there may be against us.

Signed, J. P. PATTON, Eng'r.
Blairmore, Alta., July 26th, 1915.

The Enterprise is in receipt of
several copies of a book containing
forty of the famous Raemakers'
cartoons. They depict in terrible
terms Germany's wanton destruc-
tion of Belgium and the awful
treatment accorded the gallant
people of that country. The books
are being distributed throughout
Canada and the United States and
will prove damaging to Germany
as long as the world lasts.

THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

Office of Publication
Blairmore, Alberta.
Subscriptions to all parts of the Dominion
\$2.00 per annum. Foreign subscription
\$2.50. Payable in advance.
Business local, 15c. per line.
Legal notices 15c. per line for first inser-
tion; 10c. per line for each
subsequent insertion.
Display Advertising Rates on Application.
W. J. EARLETT, Proprietor.

Blairmore, Alta., Fri., July 26, 1915

Excursion to Sarcee

Doubtless there will be hun-
dreds of people from the Crows'
Nest Pass take advantage of the
excursion and unusual opportunity
to be offered them on Wednesday
next to visit Alberta's military
camp at Sarcee, Calgary. A special
excursion train will leave Coleman
at 6:30 a.m., leave Blairmore at
6:38, and arrive at Calgary at
about 1:30 where arrangements
have been made for a special visi-
tors' day. Returning, the train
will leave Calgary at 7:30 p.m. (or
8:30 city time) and reach Blair-
more about 3 a.m. Thursday. The
fare for the round trip will be
\$4.20, children between 5 and 12
years half fare.

Fire At Blairmore Hotel

A fire of rather mysterious origin, but
which left no reason for doubt but that a
"fire bug" had been at work, occurred at
the Blairmore hotel on Saturday night last.

The fire started in a small cupboard
underneath a back staircase, between 2
and 2 o'clock in the night, and was soon
spreading, when Mah Sing, proprietor of
a restaurant immediately adjoining,
who occupied a room directly overhead,
caught the smell of burning gases and
heard the licking of the flames. Sing
immediately aroused his co-workers, who
got out in the street to raise the alarm.
The night agent at the C.P.R. depot, and
John McLeod were about the first on the
scene, the latter to ring the fire bell and
the former to assist the fire chief with
the hoses. In but a few minutes two of
the hose reels were connected up and two
powerful streams of water directed against
the supposed seat of the fire. It was
some time, however, before the fire was
checked. The smoke being so dense that
the flames could not be seen, and once the
fire was located it was extinguished in
quick time.

The damage done was considerable,
particularly in the barber shop of C.
Church, which was considerably charred.
One of Mr. Church's chairs was destroyed,
as well as some small implements. In the
poolroom adjoining considerable
damage was done by water, but beyond
this the balance of the house was prac-
tically unharmed.

How the fire occurred is a mystery, but
the finding of a water bucket in the cup-
board, containing a floor mop well satu-
rated with coal oil, leads one to believe
that this mop was used by the fire bug in
washing the walls of the cupboard before
applying the match. By the side of the
bucket was found a small piece of rag,
also well saturated with coal oil, while
other rags in the cupboard were perfectly
free from inflammable substance. The fire
was from all appearances started from
the inside. The Chinamen next door
claim they had no access to that part of
the building after the closing hours of
the poolroom and barterhouse, and state
that they never knew of coal being kept in
that cupboard. Further, the Chinamen
carried no insurance, and therefore would
have no motive in firing the building.
Who is responsible for this criminal act
the authorities cannot yet say, but we
understand that suspicion rests upon
certain parties who may yet be brought
to justice.

We understand that the building,
which is owned by the Fernie-Fort Steele
Brewing Co., and which is leased by
Wilfrid Wolstenholme, was insured.
Insurance was carried by Mr. Wolsten-
holme on the pool-room furniture and
fixtures, and insurance to the extent of
about \$400 was carried by Mr. Church
on the barber shop equipment.

The department of agriculture
has arranged with the railway
companies to grant a rate of one
cent per mile, with minimum of
\$1.50, for harvest help to all points
within the province upon presenta-
tion of certificates signed by Mr.
Charles S. Hotchkiss, chief public-
ity commissioner, valid during the
month of August. These certifi-
cates may be obtained from J. A.
Weir, of Lethbridge; H. J. Don-
nelly, Crown Bldg., First Street
East, Calgary, and from Mr.
Hotchkiss, Edmonton.

British shipyards have under
construction nearly a million and a
half tons of shipping, which is
smaller than German submarines
have sunk during the whole war.

I Didn't Raise My Boy to Be a Coward

I didn't raise my boy
To be a weak lily in the sun
While braver lads of nobler mien
Battled in his defence;
I didn't attempt to raise him
To quietly stand aside,
And scan the wreckage of those rights
For which his father died;
For I didn't raise my boy to be a coward.

I didn't raise my boy
To danger calmly shun
While from the wounds of babes in arms
A thousand streamlets run;
I didn't attempt to raise him
To view crimes as black as night,
And merely turn upon his heel
And be "too proud to fight;"
For I didn't raise my boy to be a coward.

I didn't raise my boy
To be a howling hound,
And would rather find him lying
Stilled upon the ground;
I didn't attempt to raise him
With a heart too weak to vex
The countless frightful wrongs he
Heard;
Upon his mother's sex;
For I didn't raise my boy to be a coward.

I didn't raise my boy
To be an ardent sneak;
To dull his ear to the anguish
And death cries of the weak;
I didn't attempt to raise him
To howl to inanimate night;
To place his manhood from his shield
And be "too proud to fight;"
For I didn't raise my boy to be a coward.
—Becky Sharpe, Sault Ste. Marie.

Bellevue Happenings

G. Miller has moved his family
down from Blairmore.

G. W. Goodwin returned from
North Fork this week.

Corp. A. Varley is down from
Sarcee visiting his sister.

Master Freddie Hallworth cele-
brated his 8th birthday on Tues-
day.

Rev. W. T. and Mrs. Young, of
Frank, were visiting here this
week.

Mrs. J. Gordon and family left
for their new home in Regina this
week.

A meeting of the school board
was held at the school house last
night.

Mrs. Wm. Ashwaite, of Fernie,
is visiting here, the guest of Mrs.
J. Brooks.

The pair of fish brought in by
Fred Chappell from North Fork
weighed 23 pounds.

Sergeant W. Fisher and Private E.
Fisher were down from Sarcee this
week visiting their parents.

Jack Fraser, who spent some
three weeks at North Fork, fishing,
returned home on Tuesday.

M. A. Goodwin and Watts
Goodwin and family left this week
for a visit to Glace Bay, N.S.

THREE HOUSES FOR RENT,
near the Rosedale Dairy, Bellevue
Apply to Fred Chappell, Barnett's
store.

Bert Fisher met with an accident
by falling off one of Evans Bros'
rigs and breaking his leg. He is
reported to be doing nicely.

A memorial service in honor of
George Geary will be held on
Sunday evening, August 6th, in
the Bellevue Methodist church, at
7:30 o'clock.

Bellevue has citizens she should
be justly proud of. Chief among
them may be James Allsopp. Mr.
Allsopp challenges anyone between
Coleman and Macleod to show a
better specimen of a working man's
kitchen garden than his.

People of The Pass are looking
forward to the Labor Day celebra-
tion and sports to be held at Blair-
more under the auspices of the
local union of the U.M.W. of A.
Arrangements are being made for
excursion trains to run between
Fernie and Blairmore and Leth-
bridge and Blairmore. A splendid
programme has been arranged.

It is estimated that 40,000 men
will be required to harvest the crop
in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and
Alberta, and if necessary, men en-
gaged in industrial pursuits will
assist. The wages will be from
\$2.50 to \$3.75 per day.

Acknowledges Receipt of Machine Gun From Frank

Headquarters, 13th O.M.R.Bn. C.E.F.

5th Canadian Training Brigade,
Queen's Camp South, Shorncliffe,
Kent, England, July 20th, 1916.

From, The O.C. 13th O.M.R.Bn.,

To, The Mayor,
Frank, Alberta, Canada.

Sir,
I have the honor to inform you that we are today in re-
ceipt of a communication stating this Battalion has been pre-
sented with a Lewis Machine Gun, by the Citizens of Frank.

This was certainly an agreeable and pleasant surprise,
and I take this opportunity, on behalf of the officers, N.C.O.s and
Men of the 13th O.M.R.Bn., to express our hearty thanks to the
Citizens of Frank for their magnificent donation, and you may
rest assured that this gun will be used to the best of our ability
in the cause for which we are all, as members of the great British
Empire, fighting for.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your obedient servant,
W. H. HOLMES,
Lt. Col. Commanding,
13th O. M. R. Bn.

HOW FAT FOLKS MAY BECOME SLIM

Lack of oxygen in the blood generally the cause of getting fat—Orlene
reduces weight a pound a day in many instances—A
good test if you are fat

If you were to put a lighted lamp into an air
tight room it would burn only as long as the
supply of oxygen in the air lasted, then it
would go out. If you were to look a man fat in
an air tight room he would live only until he had
consumed the oxygen in the air. Then he would
die. If you were to take from the blood its fat
matter to carry oxygen through the body your
muscles would become soft, unelastic, and
weak, your body flabby, bloated and fat.
A general weakening of all the organs would
result, and you would soon be ailing from
stomach liver or kidney disorders and instead
of being strong, healthy and active, you would
become fat, slow and debilitated. Fat is dan-
gerous. It slows the mind, weakens the body,
They know their minds work quicker and they
have more power and endurance when fat is
burned. No athlete ever went into an arena
with a roll of excess flesh, around his waist or
with his muscles soft and flabby.
If you are fat it is almost a sure indication
that your blood is rancid, for oxygen that you
are starving your body for this one thing. Oxy-
gen is as essential to the blood as salt is to the
human system.

No matter what anyone tells you, if you are
fat you owe it to yourself to make the following
test. Take a loose deep breath and then see how
many steps you can take without being com-
pelled to let it out. Next take an oil of orlene
capsule, one after each meal and one at bed
time for two weeks then make the same test
again. You will be surprised to see how much
farther you can walk and how much lighter
and easier you will feel on your feet. People
who are fat and ailing all the time may double
their strength and endurance and reduce
weight a pound a day by simply taking oil of
orlene. Oil of orlene capsules are designed
to increase the little red corpuscles in the blood
making it possible for the blood to carry more
oxygen, supplying the body with more life
more vitality and more vigor. Absolutely harm-
less, will not irritate the most delicate, wonder-
fully efficient.
It is dispensed in this city by all druggists or
can be had direct from The D. Little Drug Co.,
Box 725, Montreal, P.Q., on receipt of \$1.00
postal note or money order. There is nothing
else.

FRANK MEAT MARKET

H. Kaufman, Proprietor

—Dealer in—

Fresh and Cured Meats, Fish in Season, Hams,
Bacon, Sausages, Eggs and Choice Dairy Butter
Phone No. 36 Frank, Alta.

Cowley Happenings

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. Wal-
ter Green, of Tennessee district, a
son.

The C.P.R. has two gasoline
tractors plowing fire guards in this
district.

Mr. and Miss Swinney were
business visitors to Pincher Creek
this week.

Mrs. Ingram, of Lethbridge, is
visiting with her brother, C. Craw-
ford, at present.

W. T. Eddy and N. Rowe, of
Maycroft, were business visitors to
Cowley on Monday.

Miss Agnes McMillan has gone
up near Edmonton to spend her
vacation with friends.

Miss Helen Morrison has gone to
the Lethbridge hospital, where she
will undergo a slight operation.

Mrs. Huff and children, of Leth-
bridge, are visiting with Mrs.
Huff's brother, J. Bare, for the
present.

Haying is going on in full swing
here now. The weather is ideal
for the work, and we want it to re-
main so.

Supplies are now being hauled
out to the Dominion Construction
Camp at Bob Creek by Alex.
Guitard and Paul Boury.

Miss Alexander, Mrs. Alexander
and children, who have been the
guests of R. Alexander for the past
two weeks, left on Tuesday for their
home in Calgary.

Five or six auto loads of men,
women and children from Leth-
bridge passed through here on their
way to The Gap this week, where
they will camp and fish.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Coghill have

returned from taking several hol-
idays camping on their ranch up
the South Fork. Miss Wells, who
has been nursing measles here for
some time, has well earned the
holiday due her, and took the op-
portunity offered of being the guest
of Mr. and Mrs. Coghill while on
this camping tour.

One of our most popular young
ladies had quite an exciting ex-
perience recently. It happened
this way: After being detained
at a neighbor's until after dark,
started out for her home with a
mind as severe as a scorpion's, when
all at once she stumbled and went
"kerfuffle" over a cow that was
laying in her pathway. What
next?

On Wednesday morning every-
thing was bustling at the W.
Lighthouse and N. A. Murphy
places, getting these two gentlemen
in readiness and started off for a
camping, trip of several days. 35
miles up the South Fork. If you
could have seen the look of fright
and terror of the wooded folk when
they beheld the countenances of
Murphy and Lighthouse, we are sure
that you would agree with us that
it would be useless for anyone else
to think of going to this particular
camping ground of theirs for what
we call sport. From all that we
can gather, there would not be one
of the wooded folk that would
consider it safe to show himself
from his hiding place for many
weeks. The true, Murphy always
has splendid luck at fishing. They
bite well for him. We think, this
is because they are afraid not to,
and we also think that they feel in
the same frame of mind toward
Lighthouse, so we will all have our
appetites whetted for a feast of fish
on their return.

Canada's Tobacco Fund



Contributions to Canada's Tobacco Fund will be accepted and acknowledged by The Enterprise and forwarded thru the Overseas Club at Montreal.

Local and General

Mr. Dee, of the Calgary Brewing Co., was in town today.

Jack McNeill spent last night with "Charley's Aunt."

Subscriptions for the Calgary Herald Tobacco Fund are accepted at The Enterprise.

The bar of the Alberta hotel has been equipped with pool tables, card tables and two-per-cent beer.

Messrs. E. Havelly, O. A. Taylor and A. E. Quayle, of Carmanagay, who spent a few days motoring through the beauty spots in The Pass, stopped over in Blairmore yesterday for a drink of pure water.

Anglican Church

Service on Sunday next will be at 7:30 p.m., conducted by the Rev. H. Clay. The service will be of a special character and will include intercessions for the war subject of the address "The War and Our Homes."

Sunday school as usual.

A hearty welcome to all.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS AND CLAIMANTS

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE of ANDREW GOOD, late of the Hamlet of Crossed, Alberta, Prospector, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims upon the estate of the late Andrew Good, who died on the 14th day of January, A.D. 1916, are required to send to the undersigned Administrator of his estate by the 1st day of October, 1916, a full statement duly verified, of their claims and any securities held by them, and that after that date the Administrator will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or brought to its knowledge.

DATED this 2nd day of August, 1916.

THE TRUSTS AND GUARANTEE COMPANY, LIMITED, Administrator, 220 Eighth Avenue West, Calgary, Alberta, Canada, H. A. HOWARD, Manager. J. E. GILLES, Blairmore, Alberta, Solicitor for the Administrator.

If a man drives an auto more than 20 miles an hour, the police pull him off the road; if he runs less than 20 miles an hour other autos knock him off.

Lance-Corporal Loring Harrison Putnam, of the 191st Overseas Battalion, Calgary and Macleod, arrived in town this morning on a visit to his family.

Corps. Cross and Holloway, of the 192nd Battalion, arrived by this morning's train from Calgary with orders to arrest three deserters.

In Commemoration of the Second Anniversary of Great Britain's Declaration of War

A PATRIOTIC MEETING

Will Be Held in The

BLAIRMORE OPERA HOUSE SUNDAY, AUG. 6

Commencing at 9 P. M.

Program of Speeches and Music

Collection on Behalf of Patriotic Fund

Labor Day Celebration

Blairmore, Monday, September 4th, 1916

Under the auspices of Blairmore Local Union 2163, U.M.W. of A.

Addresses will be given at 10.30 A. M., 2 P. M. and 4 P. M. in English, French and Italian. Subjects regarding Labor Organization.

Athletic Sports -- (Local Men only)

Comprising One-Mile Race, Half-Mile Race, 100 Yards Dash, Obstacle --- 100 Yards

Boys' Races

12 to 16 Years 100 Yards
8 to 12 years 100 Yards
Three Legged Race 75 Yards
Sack Race 50 Yards

Girls' Races

12 to 16 Years 75 Yards
8 to 12 years 50 Yards
Skipping Contest Girls 12 to 16
Potato Picking Race 25 Yards

Old Men's Race

50 years up 50 Yards

Putting the Shot

Tug-of-War

Fat Men's Race

200 pounds and up 50 Yards

Married Women's Race--50 yards

Nail Driving Contest--25 yards

Egg and Spoon Race--25 yards

Proceeds to be devoted to the Sick

Benefit Fund of Blairmore Local Union

Admission to Grounds: Adults 25c. Children Free

Dance at Opera House at Night

Admission: Gents \$1.00 Ladies Free. Good Orchestra

Come One--Come All

arrangements similar to those adopted by the mine companies, may be adopted, whereby the employees may allow a percentage of their pay to go to the fund direct from the company. Joseph Montalbatti was delegated to canvass the town and accept subscriptions from parties not paying through the office of the West Canadian Collieries.